

Samoortogonalni kodovi konstruirani pomoću orbitnih matrica blok dizajna

Loredana Simčić
(loredana.simcic@riteh.hr)

- **D. Crnković, S. Rukavina:** Construction of block designs admitting an abelian automorphism group

Neka je $\mathcal{D} = (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{I})$ $2 - (v, k, \lambda)$ dizajn i $G \leq \text{Aut}(\mathcal{D})$.

Označimo:

$\mathcal{P}_1, \dots, \mathcal{P}_n$ G -orbite točaka

$\mathcal{B}_1, \dots, \mathcal{B}_m$ G -orbite blokova

$$|\mathcal{P}_r| = \omega_r, \quad 1 \leq r \leq n$$

$$|\mathcal{B}_i| = \Omega_i, \quad 1 \leq i \leq m$$

Za $x \in \mathcal{B}$ i $P \in \mathcal{P}$ označimo

$$\langle x \rangle = \{Q \in \mathcal{P} \mid (Q, x) \in \mathcal{I}\}$$

$$\langle P \rangle = \{y \in \mathcal{B} \mid (P, y) \in \mathcal{I}\}$$

Za $x \in \mathcal{B}_i$ i $P \in \mathcal{P}_r$ označimo

$$\gamma_{ir} = |\langle x \rangle \cap \mathcal{P}_r|$$

$$\Gamma_{ir} = |\langle P \rangle \cap \mathcal{B}_i|$$

Lema 1.

Neka je $\mathcal{D} = (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{I})$ blok dizajn, $G \leq \text{Aut}(\mathcal{D})$, i neka su $\Omega_i, \omega_r, \Gamma_{ir}, \gamma_{ir}$ definirani kao ranije.

Vrijede sljedeće jednakosti:

$$(a) \quad \Omega_i \gamma_{ir} = \omega_r \Gamma_{ir}$$

$$(b) \quad \sum_{i=1}^m \Gamma_{ir} \gamma_{is} = \lambda \omega_s + \delta_{rs} \cdot (r' - \lambda)$$

gdje je δ_{rs} Kroneckerov simbol.

Propozicija 1.

Neka je $\mathcal{D} = (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{I})$ blok dizajn, $G \leq \text{Aut}(\mathcal{D})$, i neka su $\Omega_i, \omega_r, \Gamma_{ir}, \gamma_{ir}$ definirani kao ranije.

Vrijede sljedeće jednakosti:

$$\sum_{r=1}^n \gamma_{ir} = k \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^m \frac{\Omega_i}{\omega_r} \gamma_{ir} \gamma_{is} = \lambda \omega_s + \delta_{rs} \cdot (r' - \lambda). \quad (2)$$

Orbitna matrica

Matrica dimenzija $(m \times n)$ s elementima γ_{ir} koji zadovoljavaju svojstva (1) i (2) se naziva orbitna matrica za parametre (v, k, λ) i orbitnu distribuciju $(\omega_1, \dots, \omega_n)$, $(\Omega_1, \dots, \Omega_m)$.

Primjer. 2-(10,4,2) dizajn

Točke:

$$\mathcal{P} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$$

Blokovi:

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. {1, 2, 3, 5} | 9. {2, 5, 8, 10} |
| 2. {1, 2, 5, 6} | 10. {2, 6, 7, 9} |
| 3. {1, 3, 7, 8} | 11. {3, 4, 5, 6} |
| 4. {1, 4, 9, 10} | 12. {3, 5, 8, 9} |
| 5. {1, 5, 7, 9} | 13. {3, 6, 7, 10} |
| 6. {1, 6, 8, 10} | 14. {4, 5, 7, 10} |
| 7. {2, 3, 9, 10} | 15. {4, 6, 8, 9} |
| 8. {2, 4, 7, 8} | |

Automorfizam reda 2:

$$\Phi = (1, 2)(3, 4)(5, 6)$$

Primjer-nastavak

$$\Phi = (1, 2)(3, 4)(5, 6)$$

Orbite točkaka pod djelovanjem grupe $\langle \Phi \rangle$:

$$\begin{aligned} &\{7\}, \{8\}, \{9\}, \{10\}, \\ &\{1, 2\}, \\ &\{3, 4\}, \\ &\{5, 6\} \end{aligned}$$

Orbite blokova pod djelovanjem grupe $\langle \Phi \rangle$:

$$\begin{aligned} &\{1\}, \{2\}, \{11\}, \\ &\{3, 8\}, \\ &\{4, 7\}, \\ &\{5, 10\}, \\ &\{6, 9\}, \\ &\{12, 15\}, \\ &\{13, 14\} \end{aligned}$$

Primjer-nastavak

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Primjer-nastavak

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|ccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

Tvrđnja

Neka je $\mathcal{D} 2 - (v, k, \lambda)$ dizajn sa automorfizmom Φ reda p , gdje je p prim broj. Ako p dijeli $r - \lambda$, tada stupci nefiksnog dijela orbitne matrice dizajna \mathcal{D} za automorfizam Φ generiraju samoortogonalni kod nad F_p .